

STRING & FUNCTIONS

EXERCISES :

- 1) Write a function which will return the number of found "words" and location (with the address and subscript value)
 E.g. for char *sentence = "How much wood would a woodchuck chuck?" and address of "sentence" starts at 0x90000.
 Your answer will be :

Found "wood" at :
 0x900009 9
 0x900022 22

- 2) Write a function which will locate the last occurrence of a sub-string.
 E.g. use the last sentence as an example.

Prototype of your function:

```
char * strrstr( sentence, "wood")
```

it will return the address of the last "wood". That is:
 0x900022

- 3) Write a function which will replace the sub-string; and print out the whole string.

e.g.
 replace(char *sentence, char *oldStr, char *newStr)

You need to do that 2 tests:

- a) From "John" to "Al"
- b) From "John" to "Benjamin"

- 4) Write a function to remove all instances of "moo".

a) Case 1:
 "Farmer John Loves moomoo cow.
 Should become
 "Farmer John Loves cow.

b) Case 2:
 "Farmer John loves momomommmmmooooooooooooo cow.
 Should become
 "Farmer John Loves cow.

c) Case 3:

“Farmer John loves momomommmmmoooooooooooo cow, but all the cows which do momomommmmmoooooooooooo

Note that there is the last character of the string is “o”.

- 5) There is an existing API `atoi(string)` converting the string to a number. However, this function is not a robust function because it's behavior is unpredictable if the input string has non-digit in it. You will need to create a new robust api called `newAtoi(...)`. This function will :
- Provide a successful / failure status
 - Provide the correctedly converted number in successful case.

You can create your `newAtoi(...)` prototype. That means you decide the arguments into the function as well as returning value.